Use example 3 from last day's lesson to help you solve this question

**Example 1:** Given  $y = -3x^2 - 12x + 5$ , complete the square and find the vertex, the A of S, the x and y-intercepts, the domain, and range

**Example 2**: Two numbers have a difference of 10. Their product is a minimum. What are the numbers?



- 2. Since the "difference" is 10, x y = 10 or y = x 10
- 3. Since their "product is a minimum",  $P = x \cdot y$
- 4. Therefore, the quadratic equation is P = x(x-10)
- 5. Use CTS to change equation to standard form  $P = x^2 - 10x$  Vertex:

Since x = -, you'll find that y =

Therefore, the two #'s are \_\_\_\_ & \_\_\_\_

Confirm their product is a minimum

**Example 3**: The sum of two numbers is 60. Their product is a maximum. What are the numbers?

**Example 4**: Eighty meters of fencing are available to enclose a rectangular play area. What is the maximum area that can be enclosed and what are these dimensions?



**Example 5**: Two rectangular areas are to be enclosed with 600 m of fencing, as shown by the diagram. What dimensions will yield the largest area?



**Example 6**: Student ski ticket prices at Whistler are sold for \$20 each. 300 students are willing to buy them at that price. For every \$5 increase, 30 fewer students will buy the tickets. What price will yield maximum revenue?

Look at price and quantity first: $p_{initial} = 20$  $q_{initial} = 300$ Now look at the changes: $\Delta p = p - p_{initial}$  $\Delta q = q - q_{initial}$ 5 = p - 20-30 = q - 300Express price to quantity as a ratio: $\frac{\Delta p}{\Delta q} = \frac{p - p_{initial}}{q - q_{initial}} \implies \frac{5}{-30} = \frac{p - 20}{q - 300}$ Solve for 'q': $\frac{5}{-30} = \frac{p - 20}{q - 300}$ Since Revenue =  $p \cdot q$ , sub 'q' into eqn & CTS

**Example 7**: Blue Chip Cookies at UBC sells chocolate chip cookies for \$0.90 each, resulting in about 20 000 cookies sold each month. For every \$0.05 decrease, 2000 more cookies are sold. What price will yield maximum revenue?

Homework: